

EUDR Due-Diligence Checklist

Six readiness steps for exporters of coffee, cocoa, rubber, soya, leather and wood, and for the European Union operators who place those goods on the market, under the EU Deforestation Regulation. The obligations are not yet applying; this is a preparation window.

Updated June 2026 · Regulation (EU) 2023/1115 · greensutra.in

The six readiness steps

A precise check of which commodities and derived products a business exports, and in what role toward the European market, is the first step of every EUDR readiness review. Figures reflect the regulation as amended by Regulation (EU) 2025/2650.

01 Scope the commodities and Annex I products

Map every export line against the seven relevant commodities and the products derived from them in Annex I of Regulation (EU) 2023/1115. The seven are cattle, cocoa, coffee, oil palm, rubber, soya and wood. Annex I identifies derived products by combined nomenclature code, so the obligation follows the CN code, not the trade name.

[SEVEN COMMODITIES · ANNEX I](#)

02 Geolocate every plot

Record the geolocation of every production plot as latitude and longitude in decimal degrees to at least six decimal places on the WGS-84 datum. A single point is sufficient for a plot of up to four hectares; a plot of more than four hectares, other than cattle, is described by a polygon tracing the perimeter, uploaded as a GeoJSON file.

[WGS-84 · 6 DECIMALS · GEOJSON](#)

03 Assemble deforestation-free and legality evidence

Gather evidence that the land was not subject to deforestation after 31 December 2020, and, for wood, was harvested without inducing forest degradation after that date, together with evidence of legal production.

The cut-off is a fixed baseline unchanged by the 2025 amendment.

[CUT-OFF AFTER 31 DEC 2020](#)

04 Choose the due diligence track

Sourcing exclusively from low-risk India qualifies for the simplified track of Article 13, which sets aside the risk assessment and risk mitigation steps unless information points to a non-compliance risk. The standard track applies information collection, risk assessment and risk mitigation. The information and geolocation duties remain in every case.

SIMPLIFIED OR STANDARD

05 Prepare the due diligence statement

The operator first placing the goods on the EU market or exporting them files a due diligence statement in the EU information system on the TRACES platform and receives a reference number. Downstream operators register and pass on that reference number rather than filing a fresh statement. Obligations will apply from 30 December 2026 for medium and large operators and from 30 June 2027 for micro and small operators.

TRACES · REFERENCE NUMBER

06 Retain the records

Keep the due diligence statements and the supporting documentation and information for five years from the date the relevant products were placed on, made available on, or exported from the EU market, and make them available to competent authorities on request.

FIVE YEARS · ON REQUEST

A readiness review applies these steps to a specific supply chain. The engagement, plot by plot, sits at greensutra.in/eudr-solutions/, and the wider EU compliance map is set out in the guides at greensutra.in/services/.

Primary sources: Regulation (EU) 2023/1115 (EUDR), Regulation (EU) 2025/2650 (2025 amendment), Implementing Regulation (EU) 2025/1093 (country benchmarking), European Commission. This checklist is informational and is not legal advice.